Datasheet for #sb2029 UP

Recommendations:

Please read the starter kit user manual (at least installation chapter 5), if available, and have a look at the FAQ at [http://www.alpeslasers.ch/alfaq.pdf](http://www.alpeslasers.ch/alfaq.pdf)

WARNING: Operating the laser with longer pulses, shorter period, or higher voltage or current than specified in this document may cause damage and will result in loss of warranty, unless agreed upon with Alpes Lasers!

WARNING: Beware of the polarity of the laser. This laser has to be powered with negative bias on the laser contact (= bonding pad, corresponding to the label "laser" on the LLH) and the positive bias on the base contact (= submount, corresponding to the label "base" on the LLH).

Figure 1: Support mounting for #sb2029 UP (please note that the laser is connected to the UP pad drawn in blue)
Figure 2: Output power as a function of the singlemode emission frequencies and temperatures

Figure 3: DC voltage fed to LDD (Uldd) as a function of the singlemode emission frequencies and temperatures
Table 1: singlemode optical output power as function of operating parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>λ[nm]</th>
<th>ν[cm⁻¹]</th>
<th>P[mW]</th>
<th>Temp[°C]</th>
<th>U_{LDD}[V]</th>
<th>I_{pulse}[A]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4457.6</td>
<td>2243.3</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>-15</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4458</td>
<td>2243.2</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>-15</td>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4458.4</td>
<td>2242.9</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>-15</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4462.9</td>
<td>2240.7</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4463.2</td>
<td>2240.5</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>0.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4463.6</td>
<td>2240.3</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4472.6</td>
<td>2235.8</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>10.5</td>
<td>0.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4473.1</td>
<td>2235.6</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0.51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 4: peak voltage and average power vs peak current at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5µs period) (the solid squares indicate the maximum singlemode emitted power)
Figure 5: peak voltage and average power vs peak current at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5µs period) (including the multimode region)

Figure 6: peak current and average power vs LDD voltage at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5µs period) (the solid squares indicate the maximum singlemode emitted power)
Figure 7: peak current and average power vs LDD voltage at 2% duty-cycle (50ns pulses on the laser, 2.5µs period) (including the multimode region)
Figure 6: Spectra at different temperatures for various LDD voltage (22ns pulses on the laser)

-30°C 9.0V
-30°C 11.5V
-15°C 9.0V
-15°C 10.5V
-15°C 12.0V
0°C 9.0V
0°C 10.5V
0°C 12.0V
30°C 10.5V
30°C 12.0V
Figure 8: spectra at -30°C for various LDD voltage (22ns pulses on the laser); all bimode
Figure 8: Spectra between -15°C and 30°C for various LDD voltage (22ns pulses on the laser); all monomode.

Spectral density (normalized to 1)

Wavenumber [cm⁻¹]